



## CAADP Roundtable Process

Summary of progress on CAADP roundtables  
and implementation

**January 2010**

## Country: Ethiopia

Activities		Comment on status of ongoing activities
<b>Engagement and Partnership Development</b>	Government buy-in and leadership responsibility assumed	CAADP focal point appointed in March 2008, National steering committee established May 2008 and CAADP coordination put under the Rural Economic Development and Food Sector Working Group (REDFS SWG)* where two TAs are working full time
	Key stakeholders engaged around a common commitment to move with the CAADP agenda	National launch workshop conducted in September 2008, regional consultation workshop held in March 2009 to introduce the CAADP background, objectives and pillars to the nine regional states of the countries key partners and CAADP presented to extension staff at various meetings/workshops.
	Public awareness created and support provided to partners (in response to a country request	
	Formal launch of the CAADP Agenda implementation	National launch workshop conducted in September 2008 and more than 100 participants representing different institution took part in the workshop
<b>Evidenced Based Planning</b>	Stocktaking and analytical /diagnostic work	Stocktaking and analytical works carried out a four national consultants and international consultant (from IFPRI ) November 2008 –March 2009
	Validation workshop: National consensus on priority drivers of growth & required levels of investments	The CAADP study finding was presented to the regional counterpart in March, mid-term report to key relevant Federal Government institutions and development partners in June 2009 and roundtable conference in August 2009
	Agreement on priority areas of investment by national and international partners ( <b>compact</b> )	The Compact was signed by key stake holders on 29 August 2009
<b>Building Alliances for Investment</b>	Initial set of core investment programmes developed	As a follow up to the CAADP compact the Policy and Investment Framework (PIF) **is under preparation by two national consultants and one international consultant and is expected to be completed by April 2010.
	Clearly articulated Implementation modalities with the roles of key players clarified	This will be addressed by the PIF study
	Capacity requirements for programme implementation defined and integrated into programme design	Will be addressed by the PIF study
<b>Program Design, M&amp;E and Peer Review System</b>	Financing mobilised/available for defined Investment Programmes	Will be addressed by the PIF study
	Investment programmes being implemented	
	M&E Framework operationalised	Will be addressed by the PIF study

\*REDFS SWG is the Government and development partners coordination platform for the rural economic development and food sector

\*\*The PIF will assist GOE and its development partners to identify salient policies linkages and any policy changes that might be recommended for the next version of national five year development plan, and will also define investment needs and balances among: 1) CAADP investment pillars such as agricultural growth and marketing, sustainable land management, and disaster risk management and food security, 2) investment areas such as moisture reliable, drought prone, and pastoral areas, and, 3) investment programs and activities such as land administration, public-private partnerships, value-chain expansion in high value commodities, irrigation, agro-processing, improved seed varieties, data collection and performance measurement, household asset building, spatial planning, fertilizer expansion, smallholder access to markets, and other program and activity investments.

The PIF will provide a holistic and integrated strategic planning framework for addressing challenges that are hindering sustainable agricultural development in multi-sectoral and coordinated manner. It will further ensure alignment of sector support with the Government of Ethiopia overall strategy, i.e., Agriculture Development Led Industrialization (ADLI), CAADP Ethiopia Compact and the next five year national development. The framework will outline feasible policy and programmatic options, suitable strategies and action plans as a basic framework for investment decisions by government, private sector and development partners.

Furthermore, the PIF will identify joint action by GOE and its development partners to implement the investment programmes described in the CAADP Ethiopia document.

## Country: Ghana

Activities		Comment on status of ongoing activities
<b>Engagement and Partnership Development</b>	Government buy-in and leadership responsibility assumed	The Director for the Directorate for Policy, Planning, Budget and M&E (PPMED) of the Ministry of Food and Agriculture is in charge of the process with the Head of the Policy Division of the PPMED carrying out the day to day activities. The Chief Director and/or Minister for Agriculture takes final decisions.
	Key stakeholders engaged around a common commitment to move with the CAADP agenda	<p>This has been ongoing since the retreat for initial sensitisation in Sept. 2007, and also through consultations on the draft NAIP for all 10 regions of Ghana ending Aug. 2008. The directors at the national level also consulted with collaborators on the details of activities to develop the investment costs using the MTEF approach.</p> <p>There exists active donor coordination in the agriculture sector with commitment by donors to increasingly harmonize their procedures and use country systems in an effort to enhance aid effectiveness. This platform which includes monthly and quarterly meetings and annual joint sector reviews is used.</p>
	Public awareness created and support provided to partners (in response to a country request)	In the case of Ghana, the focus of the CAADP process is to strengthen and add value to the Food and Agriculture Sector Development Policy (FASDEP) and the Sector Plan. The process for the development of the FASDEP created public awareness of various sector stakeholder groups that continues to be used for sector activities towards common priorities for joint commitment.
	Formal launch of the CAADP Agenda implementation	<p>In September 2007 there was a retreat to kick-start the process at which a Deputy Minister for agriculture formally launched the preparation of the NAIP. The objectives of the retreat included sensitization of stakeholders, assessment of the level of work required and preparation of a roadmap.</p> <p>In Aug. 2007, the ECOWAS Commissioner on agriculture also carried out a mission to the countries selected for the first phase in the ECOWAS region which included Ghana. At the country level he paid courtesy calls to country agriculture sector ministers to sensitise</p>

		them on the CAADP.
<b>Evidenced Based Planning</b>	Stocktaking and analytical /diagnostic work	<p>A draft stocktaking report was ready in Nov. 2007. This was input into the modeling work and the draft NAIP.</p> <p>There were a number of commissioned studies included value chain analyses.</p> <p>The modelling report was ready April 2008. It provided direction and projections for achieving 6% growth with significant poverty reduction.</p> <p>These informed the draft NAIP.</p>
	Validation workshop: National consensus on priority drivers of growth & required levels of investments	The regional workshops in the 10 regions of Ghana in 2008, the joint sector review in May 2009 and a final workshop in July 2009 with national level Directorates and other agencies provided stakeholder comments to finalise the plan.
	Agreement on priority areas of investment by national and international partners ( <b>compact</b> )	<p>The Compact (signed Oct 2009) gives notice of GoG intentions and aspirations for the agriculture sector based on the FASDEP and confirms the consensus around the goals and priorities. It (a) sets the parameters for long term partnership in the agricultural sector; (b) specifies key commitments on the part of government and partners; and (c) clarifies expectations.</p> <p>The Compact indicates that the Food and Agriculture Sector Development Policy (FASDEP) aims to modernize agriculture in a way that provides critical linkage between agriculture and industry, and is based on application of science and technology and sustainable land management and environmental practices. The agricultural sector is targeted to grow at 6-8% per annum to support the national output growth and the achievement of a middle income status by 2015.</p> <p>The FASDEP provides a sector wide framework for guiding investments and interventions in the sector. A six year agriculture sector plan (NAIP) is designed as an instrument for implementing the policy and would be rolled out in annual plans under the Medium Term</p>

		<p>Expenditure Framework (MTEF).</p> <p>In line with the FASDEP, GoG has defined in the sector plan, six major programmes for the period 2009-2015. These together represent Ghana's priorities across the four CAADP pillars.</p>
<b>Building Alliances for Investment</b>	Initial set of core investment programmes developed	See table below on the sector policy and investment programme.
	Clearly articulated Implementation modalities with the roles of key players clarified	<p>GoG and stake holders are to establish a CAADP Compact Implementation Country Team to oversee implementation of the priority actions as well as having responsibility for monitoring CAADP Implementation and reporting.</p> <p>The Implementation Country Team will report back as part of the Joint Sector Review in May 2010.</p> <p>DPs and MoFA are to rejuvenate the activities for the sector wide approach (SWAp) with a view to confirming the SWAp and signing the MOU by the time of the 2010 Joint Sector Review.</p>
	Capacity requirements for programme implementation defined and integrated into programme design	Programme 6 of the NAIP on enhanced institutional coordination includes capacity requirement issues. New areas will be identified as they come up and plan upgraded.
<b>Program Design, M&amp;E and Peer Review System</b>	Financing mobilised/available for defined Investment Programmes	<p>GoG is to revise the costing of the Sector Investment Plan to include a greater degree of prioritization to respond to different funding scenarios and publish both the finalized Sector Plan and associated costing Report.</p> <p>DPs, MoFA and relevant agencies are to initiate a review of existing projects and programs to ensure consistency with the Sector Investment Plan priorities and to identify those with potential for scaling up and needed complementarities.</p>
	Investment programmes being implemented	
	M&E framework operationlised	There already exists a sector M&E framework and in addition MoFA, CSIR and relevant agencies are to begin work to establish the country SAKSS Node, focusing initially on the

		internal governance structure and taking into account existing knowledge generation efforts. It is recommended that the country SAKSS node should be a mechanism and not an institution and also noting the complexities in agriculture and rural development.
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### FASDEP Objectives and the Medium Term Investment Plan (NAIP)

FASDEP Objectives	Medium Term Agriculture Sector Investment Plan (2009-2015), components
<p><b>1. Food Security and Emergency Preparedness.</b> Includes vulnerability in food security through contingency planning, emergency preparedness including establishment of strategic stocks to address the negative effects of climatic change and natural disasters.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Productivity improvement</li> <li>• Support to improved nutrition</li> <li>• Support for Diversification of Livelihood Options of the poor with Off-farm Activities Linked to agriculture</li> <li>• Food storage and distribution</li> <li>• Early Warning Systems and Emergency preparedness</li> <li>• Irrigation and water management</li> <li>• Mechanisation services</li> </ul>
<p><b>2. Improved Growth in Incomes and Reduced Income Variability.</b> Includes income diversification activities involving a range of commodities including cash crops, livestock and indigenous commodities. This will be done through the value chain approach and application of science and technology to improve productivity.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Promotion of cash crop, livestock and fisheries production for income in all ecological zones</li> <li>• Development of new products</li> <li>• Development of pilot value chains for one selected commodity in each ecological zone</li> <li>• Intensification of FBOs and out-grower grower schemes concept</li> <li>• Rural infrastructure</li> <li>• Support to Urban and Peri-urban Agriculture</li> </ul>
<p><b>3. Increased Competitiveness and Enhanced Integration into Domestic and International Markets.</b> Includes enhancing capacity of players to access markets, improving quality standards, safety and provision of infrastructure such as cold chain facilities.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Marketed output of non-export smallholder commodities increased.</li> <li>• Export of non-traditional agricultural export commodities by men and women smallholders increased.</li> <li>• Grading and standardization systems made functional.</li> </ul>

<p><b>4. Sustainable Management of Land and Environment.</b> Includes sustainability in utilisation of resources through programmes, policy, regulation and mitigation measures against environmental degradation.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Policies and regulations to support SLM at all levels reviewed and strengthened.</li> <li>• Institutional capacity at all levels within the food and agriculture sector built to support the promotion of SLM.</li> <li>• Technology dissemination and adoption for scaling-up of SLM.</li> <li>• Technical capacity at all levels built to support promotion and dissemination of SLM technologies.</li> <li>• SLM knowledge to support policy and investment decision making generated and adequately managed.</li> <li>• An effective, efficient and motivating incentive system for SLM established</li> </ul>
<p><b>5. Science and Technology Applied in Food and Agriculture Development.</b> Includes enhancing application of science by all economic agents, improved technologies to support priority areas and client linkage systems to ensure demand driven research and utilisation of results.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adoption of improved technologies by men and women farmers increased.</li> <li>• Agricultural research funding increased.</li> <li>• A MOFA Unit to coordinate research output of the agricultural sector is well resourced and made functional.</li> <li>• A sustainable funding mechanism for RELCs established and operational.</li> </ul>
<p><b>6. Enhanced Institutional Coordination.</b> Includes enhanced partnership and harmonisation of efforts in order to achieve maximum results in growth and development of the sector.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strengthen Intra-ministerial coordination</li> <li>• Inter-ministerial coordination</li> <li>• Partnership with Private sector and Civil Society Organisations</li> <li>• Coordination with Development Partners</li> </ul>

## Country: Liberia

	Activities	Comment on status of ongoing activities
<b>Engagement and Partnership Development</b>	Government buy-in and leadership responsibility assumed	CAADP focal point appointed
	Key stakeholders engaged around a common commitment to move with the CAADP agenda	Stakeholder's sensitization meeting held.
	Public awareness created and support provided to partners (in response to a country request	
	Formal launch of the CAADP Agenda implementation	
<b>Evidenced Based Planning</b>	Stocktaking and analytical /diagnostic work	
	Validation workshop: National consensus on priority drivers of growth & required levels of investments	We have already built consensus on priority drivers of growth and levels of investment.
	Agreement on priority areas of investment by national and international partners <b>(compact)</b>	Priority areas already agreed on and commitment shown as evident in the signing of a compact.
<b>Building Alliances for Investment</b>	Initial set of core investment programmes developed	Initial set of core investment programs have already been developed (see attached briefs of investment programs)
	Clearly articulated Implementation modalities with the roles of key players clarified	Concept on implementation has been developed and a donor meeting will be called soon to discuss concept and roles and responsibilities of key players.
	Capacity requirements for programme implementation defined and integrated into programme design	Human and institutional capacity has been a problem and cognizant of this, one of the core investment programme developed under the CAADP implementation process has to do with building the human and institutional capacities. Even as we build consensus around the implantation concept and structure, this is a major challenge.
<b>Program Design, M&amp;E and Peer Review System</b>	Financing mobilised/available for defined Investment Programmes	Funding is being mobilized. Already, ongoing programmes are being aligned under the core investment programs developed for which funding have being committed.  Implementation of core investment programmes has not started. This is dependent on the structure to be agreed on for implementation and acceptance of roles by key stakeholders.
	Investment programmes being implemented	
	M&E Framework operationalised	No.

**Country: Malawi**

Activities		Comment on status of ongoing activities
<b>Engagement and Partnership Development</b>	Government buy-in and leadership responsibility assumed	
	Key stakeholders engaged around a common commitment to move with the CAADP agenda	
	Public awareness created and support provided to partners (in response to a country request	
	Formal launch of the CAADP Agenda implementation	
<b>Evidenced Based Planning</b>	Stocktaking and analytical /diagnostic work	
	Validation workshop: National consensus on priority drivers of growth & required levels of investments	
	Agreement on priority areas of investment by national and international partners <b>(compact)</b>	Stakeholder workshop scheduled for February 2010
<b>Building Alliances for Investment</b>	Initial set of core investment programmes developed	Costing of priority investment programmes ongoing. Malawi is in the process of recruiting a consultant to assist in finalising the cost element of the priority investment programs.
	Clearly articulated Implementation modalities with the roles of key players clarified	Draft compact is currently being reviewed by cabinet and expected to be concluded by February 2010 and compact signed by April 2010.
	Capacity requirements for programme implementation defined and integrated into programme design	
<b>Program Design, M&amp;E and Peer Review System</b>	Financing mobilised/available for defined Investment Programmes	
	Investment programmes being implemented	
	M&E framework operationalised	

## Country: Seychelles

Activities		Comment on status of ongoing activities
<b>Engagement and Partnership Development</b>	Government buy-in and leadership responsibility assumed	CAADP focal point appointed prior to the launch workshop and a memorandum was forwarded and accepted and approved by Cabinet of Ministers
	Key stakeholders engaged around a common commitment to move with the CAADP agenda	Stakeholder's sensitization meeting held. A formal committee was appointed in March 2008 comprising of members from the Department of natural Resources, representing Research, Land management, extension, Planning and animal health and development. The other members are from the Seychelles farmers association
	Public awareness created and support provided to partners (in response to a country request	The media, including Radio and Television as well as the National newspapers reported on all the major events surrounding the CAADP activities.
	Formal launch of the CAADP Agenda implementation	The programme was formally launched with a workshop of a wide cross section of stakeholders in October 2007
<b>Evidenced Based Planning</b>	Stocktaking and analytical /diagnostic work	After some unavoidable delays, all national consultants were on board by the first quarter of 2009. The inception report was submitted in May 2009. The draft document for crops, livestock and forestry are already prepared. The fisheries sector is still outstanding but the consultant is working on it. The first complete draft should be ready by the end of this quarter. In preparing the stocktaking review it was recognised that seychelles did not have a comprehensive policy on food and nutrition and so, in collaboration with the lead agency for pillar 3 work began in December 2009 with an inception workshop to develop such a policy.
	Validation workshop: National consensus on priority drivers of growth & required levels of investments	
	Agreement on priority areas of investment by national and international partners ( <b>compact</b> )	
<b>Building Alliances for Investment</b>	Initial set of core investment programmes developed	
	Clearly articulated Implementation modalities with the roles of key players clarified	
	Capacity requirements for programme implementation defined and integrated into programme design	
<b>Program Design, M&amp;E and Peer</b>	Financing mobilised/available for defined Investment Programmes. Investment programmes being implemented	

<b>Review System</b>	M&E framework operationlised	
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**Country: Sierra Leone**

Activities		Comment on status of ongoing activities
<b>Engagement and Partnership Development</b>	Government buy-in and leadership responsibility assumed	CAADP Focal point appointed
	Key stakeholders engaged around a common commitment to move with the CAADP agenda	
	Public awareness created and support provided to partners (in response to a country request	
	Formal launch of the CAADP Agenda implementation	
<b>Evidenced Based Planning</b>	Stocktaking and analytical /diagnostic work	
	Validation workshop: National consensus on priority drivers of growth & required levels of investments	Done
	Agreement on priority areas of investment by national and international partners <b>(compact)</b>	Identified priority areas of investment and Compact signed
<b>Building Alliances for Investment</b>	Initial set of core investment programmes developed	Preparing priority investment programs to be reviewed by stakeholders that will finally be presented to the cabinet for endorsement.
	Clearly articulated Implementation modalities with the roles of key players clarified	Ongoing
	Capacity requirements for programme implementation defined and integrated into programme design	None
<b>Program Design, M&amp;E and Peer Review System</b>	Financing mobilised/available for defined Investment Programmes	None
	Investment programmes being implemented	
	M&E framework operationalised	None

## Country: Sudan

Activities		Comment on status of ongoing activities
<b>Engagement and Partnership Development</b>	Government buy-in and leadership responsibility assumed	CAADP focal point appointed Since 2008 Mr. Mohamed Hassan Gubara, D. G. of International Cooperation & Investment Directorate
	Key stakeholders engaged around a common commitment to move with the CAADP agenda	Stakeholder's sensitization meeting held, agreed on the roadmap and executive plan for CAADP process in Sudan
	Public awareness created and support provided to partners (in response to a country request)	Public Awareness started
	Formal launch of the CAADP Agenda implementation	CAADP Agenda was formally launched in a Ministerial meeting attended by CAADP focal point in COMESA
<b>Evidenced Based Planning</b>	Stocktaking and analytical /diagnostic work	Four Consultants were contracted stocktaking report was prepared send to focal point in 29/7/2009
	Validation workshop: National consensus on priority drivers of growth & required levels of investments	Not yet
	Agreement on priority areas of investment by national and international partners <b>(compact)</b>	Priority Areas were identified but not validated in the Workshop {compact}
<b>Building Alliances for Investment</b>	Initial set of core investment programmes developed	Not yet
	Clearly articulated Implementation modalities with the roles of key players clarified	
	Capacity requirements for programme implementation defined and integrated into programme design	
<b>Program Design, M&amp;E and Peer Review System</b>	Financing mobilised/available for defined Investment Programmes. Investment programmes being implemented	
	M&E framework operationalised	

## Country: Zambia

Activities		Comment on status of ongoing activities
<b>Engagement and Partnership Development</b>	Government buy-in and leadership responsibility assumed	CAADP focal point appointed.
	Key stakeholders engaged around a common commitment to move with the CAADP agenda	Stakeholder's sensitization meeting held.
	Public awareness created and support provided to partners (in response to a country request	Public awareness created, however, support not provided in response to country request.
	Formal launch of the CAADP Agenda implementation	Not done
<b>Evidenced Based Planning</b>	Stocktaking and analytical /diagnostic work	Done
	Validation workshop: National consensus on priority drivers of growth & required levels of investments	Validation workshop done. Need to review national consensus on priority drivers of growth and required levels of investments.
	Agreement on priority areas of investment by national and international partners <b>(compact)</b>	Done.
<b>Building Alliances for Investment</b>	Initial set of core investment programmes developed	Done.
	Clearly articulated Implementation modalities with the roles of key players clarified	Done.
	Capacity requirements for programme implementation defined and integrated into programme design	Done.
<b>Program Design, M&amp;E and Peer Review System</b>	Financing mobilised/available for defined Investment Programmes	Not done
	Investment programmes being implemented	
	M&E framework operationalised	Not yet done

